



Knowledge about the Effects of Drugged Driving, Survey of Wyoming Adults, 2018

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Introduction

The Wyoming Survey & Analysis Center (WYSAC) at the University of Wyoming completed this survey under contract to Adbay. The purpose of this project was to collect data about the knowledge, perceptions and opinions of the citizens of Wyoming regarding the effects of drugged driving. The data collected will help Adbay develop an effective advertising campaign for the Wyoming Association of Sheriffs and Chiefs of Police (WASCOP), intended to raise awareness in Wyoming of the dangers of drugged driving (both prescription and illicit). AdBay would thus acquire baseline data and plans on fielding repeat studies in the future to measure the efficacy of the campaign. WYSAC utilized our in-house WyoSpeaks panel of Wyoming citizens, a representative panel of Wyoming citizens.

The survey was conducted using the online mode of data collection.

Survey Facts

Start and End Dates

May 25, 2018 – June 4, 2018

Completed Surveys

393 total surveys

Response Rates

Total Sample – 41.4%

Median Survey Length

6 minutes 24 seconds

Margin of Error

Overall: ± 4.9 Percentage Points at 95% Confidence

Methods

Questionnaire Development

The survey instrument for this project was developed in collaboration with Adbay and WASCOP representatives. It was designed to assess the level of knowledge of the Wyoming citizenry regarding the effects of drugged driving (driving under the influence of marijuana and opioid prescription medications); their opinions about how the latter compares to driving under the influence of alcohol, and their perceptions regarding people they know driving shortly after they had used the substances in question.

Mode of Contact and Mode of Data Collection

Potential respondents were invited via email to complete the survey online. The online mode of data collection was the only one offered. This decision was driven in part by the extremely tight deadline; the need to have results in the fastest way possible. This consideration affected the sampling frame for this project as well.

Sampling Frame, Sample Design, and Sample Size

WYSAC manages an online probability panel of Wyoming residents called WyoSpeaks, currently consisting of over 2,000 randomly selected Wyoming residents. Over the course of a year, WYSAC conducts a number of state-wide telephone surveys where all Wyoming residents have an equal probability of selection. During these surveys, respondents are given the opportunity to join the WyoSpeaks panel of Wyoming citizens. The only way to be added to the WyoSpeaks panel is through this random selection process. WyoSpeaks offers researchers, agencies, and organizations a cost-effective alternative to focus groups and robust telephone and mail surveys with a quick turnaround of valid and reliable results.

For this survey, a sample of 951 panel members was drawn from the total panel member pool. This sample size was determined in order to secure roughly 400 completed surveys. The sample draw was stratified by age group in order to secure adequate representation of all age groups.

Survey Administration

Selected panel members were sent an email invitation (on May 25, 2018), and a number of reminder emails, asking for their help with the project. A text message invitation was sent to all those who had not yet responded, who had previously consented to a text message invitation, on June 1st. The survey was closed on June 4, 2018. Members who completed the survey had the chance to include their name in a raffle draw for a new Apple iPad.

Response Rates and Margins of Error

A total of 393 surveys were completed by close of data collection, resulting in a response rate of 41%. Random samples of 393 yield margins of error of about +/- 4.9 percentage points with 95% confidence.

Data Compilation and Analysis

At close of data collection the data were exported into SPSS software and checked for consistency, missing data, etc., and further post-stratified (weighted) to ensure accurate demographic representation of the state of Wyoming as a whole (adult population only). We used Pearson's chi-square test for independence to test for significance between gender and age groups, and indicated those significant differences where appropriate with an asterisk (*) when significant at the $p < 0.05$ level.

Demographics

Gender

	Unweighted %	Weighted %	Wyoming Actual %
Male	47.6	50.5	50.8
Female	52.4	49.5	49.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

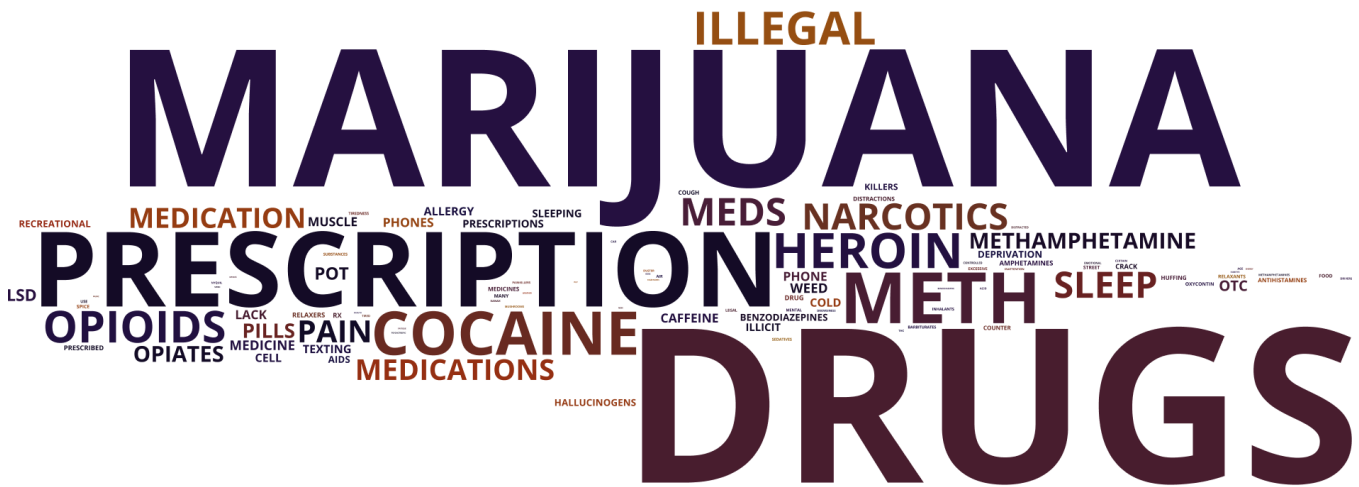
Age

	Unweighted %	Weighted %	Wyoming Actual %
18-24	7.1	12.2	12.9
25-34	20.4	18.5	18.4
35-44	19.6	16.2	15.9
45-54	17.0	16.6	16.5
55-64	15.8	18.2	18.2
65-74	10.2	10.8	10.8
75+	9.9	7.5	7.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

County

	Unweighted %	Weighted %	Wyoming Actual %
Albany	6.6	6.5	6.5
Big Horn	4.3	2.1	2.1
Campbell	4.6	8.3	8.3
Carbon	3.8	2.7	2.7
Converse	3.3	2.4	2.4
Crook	2	1.3	1.3
Fremont	5.1	6.9	6.9
Goshen	3.1	2.3	2.3
Hot Springs	1.8	0.8	0.8
Johnson	1.3	1.5	1.4
Laramie	15	16.7	16.8
Lincoln	4.3	3.3	3.3
Natrona	11.7	13.6	13.8
Niobrara	0.8	0.5	0.4
Park	6.6	5	5.0
Platte	0.8	1.2	1.5
Sheridan	4.8	5.1	5.2
Sublette	5.1	2	1.7
Sweetwater	5.6	7.5	7.5
Teton	3.3	4	4.0
Uinta	2.5	3.5	3.5
Washakie	2	1.4	1.4
Weston	1.5	1.3	1.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Word cloud of responses. The clouds give greater prominence to words that appear more frequently in the survey responses. A complete list of responses to this question can be found in Appendix A.



2. Many prescription drugs warn users not to operate heavy machinery while taking the medication. In your opinion, operating which of the following would fall into that category? (Mark all that apply.)

Table 1.

	Freq.	Wtd. %
Tractor	380	97.5
Crane	387	99.0
Semi-Truck	378	96.9
Pickup Truck	302	78.4
SUV	298	77.8
Car	294	76.8
Motorcycle	287	75.3
Bicycle	105	26.7
None of these	2	0.6
Total Valid	393	
No Answer	0	
Total Count	393	

3. In your opinion how does **driving under the influence of marijuana** compare to driving under the influence of alcohol? Would you say it is:

Table 2.

	Freq.	Wtd. %
Less Dangerous	89	22.9
More dangerous	20	4.9
About the same	230	58.1
Not dangerous at all	10	2.4
Don't know/Not sure	44	11.6
Total Valid	393	100.0
No Answer	0	
Total Count	393	

4. In your opinion how does **driving under the influence of prescription opioid medications or prescription painkillers** compare to driving under the influence of alcohol? Would you say it is:

Table 3.

	Freq.	Wtd. %
Less Dangerous	36	9.1
More dangerous	77	19.0
About the same	243	61.5
Not dangerous at all	2	0.6
Don't know/Not sure	35	9.8
Total Valid	393	100.0
No Answer	0	
Total Count	393	

5. To the best of your knowledge are penalties for **driving under the influence of marijuana** higher, the same, or lower than penalties for driving under the influence of alcohol?

Table 4.

	Freq.	Wtd. %
Higher	60	16.6
The same	113	29.4
Lower	67	17.1
Don't know/Not sure	153	36.9
Total Valid	393	100.0
No Answer	0	
Total Count	393	

6. To the best of your knowledge are penalties for **driving under the influence of prescription opioid medications or prescription painkillers** higher, the same, or lower than penalties for driving under the influence of alcohol?

Table 5.

	Freq.	Wtd. %
Higher	17	4.8
The same	125	32.6
Lower	100	26.0
Don't know/Not sure	151	36.6
Total Valid	393	100.0
No Answer	0	
Total Count	393	

7. Do you personally know anyone who has been **driving under the influence of alcohol** in the past 30 days?

Table 6.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Cat. Wtd. %
Yes, I know for sure	62	14.7	31.8
Yes, I believe I know someone who has done this	67	17.1	
No	234	59.7	59.7
Don't know/Not sure	30	8.4	8.4
Total Valid	393	100.0	
No Answer	0		
Total Count	393		

8. Do you personally know anyone who has been **driving under the influence of marijuana** in the past 30 days?

Table 7.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Cat. Wtd. %
Yes, I know for sure	40	11.9	21.3
Yes, I believe I know someone who has done this	38	9.4	
No	278	69.3	69.3
Don't know/Not sure	37	9.4	9.4
Total Valid	393	100.0	
No Answer	0		
Total Count	393		

9. Do you personally know anyone who has been **driving under the influence of prescription opioids or painkillers** in the past 30 days?

Table 8.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Cat. Wtd. %
Yes, I know for sure	38	9.7	21.4
Yes, I believe I know someone who has done this	51	11.7	
No	247	63.3	63.3
Don't know/Not sure	57	15.3	15.3
Total Valid	393	100.0	
No Answer	0		
Total Count	393		

10. The use of **marijuana** before driving harms one's ability to drive.

Table 9.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Categories	Wtd. %
Strongly agree	201	51.3	(Agree)	80.3
Somewhat agree	113	29.0	Neither	5.5
Neither agree nor disagree	22	5.5	(Disagree)	8.8
Somewhat disagree	27	7.2	Don't know/Not sure	5.4
Strongly disagree	6	1.6		
Don't know/Not sure	24	5.4		
Total Valid	393	100.0		
No Answer	0			
Total Count	393			

11. The use of **alcohol** before driving harms one's ability to drive.

Table 10.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Categories	Wtd. %
Strongly agree	307	77.1	(Agree)	96.6
Somewhat agree	73	19.5	Neither	1.4
Neither agree nor disagree	6	1.4	(Disagree)	1.8
Somewhat disagree	2	0.6	Don't know/Not sure	0.2
Strongly disagree	4	1.2		
Don't know/Not sure	1	0.2		
Total Valid	393	100.0		
No Answer	0			
Total Count	393			

12. The use of **prescription opioids** before driving harms one's ability to drive

Table 11.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Categories	Wtd. %
Strongly agree	227	58.1	(Agree)	87.8
Somewhat agree	117	29.7	Neither	4.2
Neither agree nor disagree	18	4.2	(Disagree)	4.2
Somewhat disagree	11	3.0	Don't know/Not sure	3.8
Strongly disagree	5	1.2		
Don't know/Not sure	15	3.8		
Total Valid	393	100.0		
No Answer	0			
Total Count	393			

13. Driving after smoking or ingesting a **small amount of marijuana** is as dangerous as driving drunk.

Table 12.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Categories	Wtd. %
Strongly agree	97	25.9	(Agree)	45.3
Somewhat agree	80	19.4	Neither	6.1
Neither agree nor disagree	26	6.1	(Disagree)	36.6
Somewhat disagree	84	22.8	Don't know/Not sure	12.0
Strongly disagree	54	13.8		
Don't know/Not sure	52	12.0		
Total Valid	393	100.0		
No Answer	0			
Total Count	393			

14. Driving while under the influence of **marijuana** is less dangerous than driving drunk.

Table 13.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Categories	Wtd. %
Strongly agree	36	9.2	(Agree)	30.4
Somewhat agree	81	21.2	Neither	7.7
Neither agree nor disagree	35	7.7	(Disagree)	52.7
Somewhat disagree	61	16.2	Don't know/Not sure	9.2
Strongly disagree	142	36.5		
Don't know/Not sure	38	9.2		
Total Valid	393	100.0		
No Answer	0			
Total Count	393			

15. Driving while under the influence of **prescription opioids** is less dangerous than driving drunk.

Table 14.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Categories	Wtd. %
Strongly agree	10	2.7	(Agree)	14.8
Somewhat agree	49	12.1	Neither	11.0
Neither agree nor disagree	46	11.0	(Disagree)	64.1
Somewhat disagree	80	21.5	Don't know/Not sure	10.1
Strongly disagree	168	42.7		
Don't know/Not sure	40	10.1		
Total Valid	393	100.0		
No Answer	0			
Total Count	393			

16. The penalties for drunk driving are worse than the penalties for driving under the influence of **marijuana**.

Table 15.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Categories	Wtd. %
Strongly agree	44	11.3	<i>(Agree)</i>	25.8
Somewhat agree	54	14.5	<i>Neither</i>	14.3
Neither agree nor disagree	58	14.3	<i>(Disagree)</i>	17.6
Somewhat disagree	32	8.7	<i>Don't know/Not sure</i>	42.4
Strongly disagree	32	8.8		
Don't know/Not sure	173	42.4		
Total Valid	393	100.0		
No Answer	0			
Total Count	393			

17. The penalties for drunk driving are worse than the penalties for driving under the influence of **prescription opioids**.

Table 16.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Categories	Wtd. %
Strongly agree	52	13.5	<i>(Agree)</i>	33.6
Somewhat agree	78	20.1	<i>Neither</i>	12.7
Neither agree nor disagree	52	12.7	<i>(Disagree)</i>	11.1
Somewhat disagree	24	6.8	<i>Don't know/Not sure</i>	42.5
Strongly disagree	17	4.3		
Don't know/Not sure	170	42.5		
Total Valid	393	100.0		
No Answer	0			
Total Count	393			

18. It is more difficult for law enforcement to detect “**drugged driving**” than it is to detect drunk driving.

Table 17.

	Freq.	Wtd. %	Collapsed Categories	Wtd. %
Strongly agree	87	22.8	<i>(Agree)</i>	64.5
Somewhat agree	169	41.7	<i>Neither</i>	4.8
Neither agree nor disagree	19	4.8	<i>(Disagree)</i>	14.4
Somewhat disagree	39	10.3	<i>Don't know/Not sure</i>	16.3
Strongly disagree	16	4.2		
Don't know/Not sure	63	16.3		
Total Valid	393	100.0		
No Answer	0			
Total Count	393			

Breakdowns by Gender

Percentages in cross-tabulations below use unweighted data, as the breakdown variable is used in the weighting procedure.

2. Many prescription drugs warn users not to operate heavy machinery while taking the medication. In your opinion, operating which of the following would fall into that category? (Mark all that apply)

Table18.

	Male	Female
Tractor	96.7%	98.1%
Crane	98.4%	100.0%
Semi-Truck	97.8%	96.1%
Pickup Truck	81.0%	74.3%
*SUV	81.0%	72.3%
Car	79.3%	71.8%
*Motorcycle	78.3%	69.4%
Bicycle	27.7%	26.2%
None of these	1.1%	0.0%

*Statistically significant difference observed (Chi-Square $p < .05$)

3. In your opinion how does **driving under the influence of marijuana** compare to driving under the influence of alcohol? Would you say it is:

Table19.

*	Male	Female
Less dangerous	24.6%	20.9%
More dangerous	7.5%	2.9%
About the same	50.8%	65.5%
Not dangerous at all	2.7%	2.4%
Don't know/ Not sure	14.4%	8.3%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%

*Statistically significant difference observed (Chi-Square $p < .05$)

4. In your opinion how does **driving under the influence of prescription opioid medications or prescription painkillers** compare to driving under the influence of alcohol? Would you say it is:

Table20.

	Male	Female
Less dangerous	10.2%	8.3%
More dangerous	23.5%	16.0%
About the same	56.1%	67.0%
Not dangerous at all	-	1.0%
Don't know/ Not sure	10.2%	7.8%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%

5. To the best of your knowledge are penalties for **driving under the influence of marijuana** higher, the same, or lower than penalties for driving under the influence of alcohol?

Table21.

*	Male	Female
Higher	14.4%	16.0%
The same	37.4%	20.9%
Lower	12.8%	20.9%
Don't know/ Not sure	35.3%	42.2%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%

*Statistically significant difference observed (Chi-Square $p < .05$)

6. To the best of your knowledge are penalties for **driving under the influence of prescription opioid medications or prescription painkillers** higher, the same, or lower than penalties for driving under the influence of alcohol?

Table22.

*	Male	Female
Higher	5.9%	2.9%
The same	34.8%	29.1%
Lower	19.3%	31.1%
Don't know/ Not sure	40.1%	36.9%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%

*Statistically significant difference observed (Chi-Square $p < .05$)

7. Do you personally know anyone who has been **driving under the influence of alcohol** in the past 30 days?

Table23.

	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Yes, I know for sure	15.0%	16.5%	31.0%	34.5%
Yes, I believe I know someone who has done this	16.0%	18.0%		
No	62.6%	56.8%	62.6%	56.8%
Don't know/ Not sure	6.4%	8.7%	6.4%	8.7%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

8. Do you personally know anyone who has been **driving under the influence of marijuana** in the past 30 days?

Table24.

	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Yes, I know for sure	10.2%	10.2%	20.3%	19.4%
Yes, I believe I know someone who has done this	10.2%	9.2%		
No	69.0%	72.3%	69.0%	72.3%
Don't know/ Not sure	10.7%	8.3%	10.7%	8.3%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

9. Do you personally know anyone who has been **driving under the influence of prescription opioids or painkillers** in the past 30 days?

Table25.

	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Yes, I know for sure	7.5%	11.7%	18.2%	26.7%
Yes, I believe I know someone who has done this	10.7%	15.0%		
No	66.8%	59.2%	66.8%	59.2%
Don't know/ Not sure	15.0%	14.1%	15.0%	14.1%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

10. The use of **marijuana** before driving harms one's ability to drive.

Table26.

	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Strongly agree	47.1%	54.9%	80.7%	79.1%
Somewhat agree	33.7%	24.3%		
Neither agree nor disagree	4.3%	6.8%	4.3%	6.8%
Somewhat disagree	7.5%	6.3%	8.0%	8.7%
Strongly disagree	0.5%	2.4%		
Don't know/ Not sure	7.0%	5.3%	7.0%	5.3%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

11. The use of **alcohol** before driving harms one's ability to drive.

Table27.

	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Strongly agree	74.9%	81.1%	96.3%	97.1%
Somewhat agree	21.4%	16.0%		
Neither agree nor disagree	1.1%	1.9%	1.1%	1.9%
Somewhat disagree	1.1%	-	2.1%	1.0%
Strongly disagree	1.1%	1.0%		
Don't know/ Not sure	0.5%	-	0.5%	-
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

12. The use of **prescription opioids** before driving harms one's ability to drive.

Table28.

	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Strongly agree	59.4%	56.3%	85.6%	89.3%
Somewhat agree	26.2%	33.0%		
Neither agree nor disagree	7.0%	2.4%	7.0%	2.4%
Somewhat disagree	2.7%	2.9%	3.7%	4.4%
Strongly disagree	1.1%	1.5%		
Don't know/ Not sure	3.7%	3.9%	3.7%	3.9%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

13. Driving after smoking or ingesting a **small amount of marijuana** is as dangerous as driving drunk.

Table29.

	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Strongly agree	24.6%	24.8%	43.9%	46.1%
Somewhat agree	19.3%	21.4%		
Neither agree nor disagree	8.6%	4.9%	8.6%	4.9%
Somewhat disagree	20.3%	22.3%	33.7%	36.4%
Strongly disagree	13.4%	14.1%		
Don't know/ Not sure	13.9%	12.6%	13.9%	12.6%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

14. Driving while under the influence of **marijuana** is less dangerous than driving drunk.

Table30.

*	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Strongly agree	9.6%	8.7%	31.6%	28.2%
Somewhat agree	21.9%	19.4%		
Neither agree nor disagree	11.2%	6.8%	11.2%	6.8%
Somewhat disagree	15.0%	16.0%	44.9%	57.8%
Strongly disagree	29.9%	41.7%		
Don't know/ Not sure	12.3%	7.3%	12.3%	7.3%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

*Statistically significant difference observed (Chi-Square $p < .05$)

15. Driving while under the influence of **prescription opioids** is less dangerous than driving drunk.

Table31.

	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Strongly agree	3.2%	1.9%	14.4%	15.5%
Somewhat agree	11.2%	13.6%		
Neither agree nor disagree	13.9%	9.7%	13.9%	9.7%
Somewhat disagree	21.4%	19.4%	59.9%	66.0%
Strongly disagree	38.5%	46.6%		
Don't know/ Not sure	11.8%	8.7%	11.8%	8.7%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

16. The penalties for drunk driving are worse than the penalties for driving under the influence of **marijuana**.

Table32.

*	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Strongly agree	7.5%	14.6%	21.4%	28.2%
Somewhat agree	13.9%	13.6%		
Neither agree nor disagree	21.4%	8.7%	21.4%	8.7%
Somewhat disagree	7.5%	8.7%	17.6%	15.0%
Strongly disagree	10.2%	6.3%		
Don't know/ Not sure	39.6%	48.1%	39.6%	48.1%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

*Statistically significant difference observed (Chi-Square $p < .05$)

17. The penalties for drunk driving are worse than the penalties for driving under the influence of **prescription opioids**.

Table33.

	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Strongly agree	10.2%	16.0%	31.0%	35.0%
Somewhat agree	20.9%	18.9%		
Neither agree nor disagree	16.6%	10.2%	16.6%	10.2%
Somewhat disagree	5.3%	6.8%	11.8%	9.2%
Strongly disagree	6.4%	2.4%		
Don't know/ Not sure	40.6%	45.6%	40.6%	45.6%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

18. It is more difficult for law enforcement to detect “**drugged driving**” than it is to detect drunk driving.

Table34.

	Male	Female	Male Collapsed	Female Collapsed
Strongly agree	22.5%	21.8%	64.7%	65.5%
Somewhat agree	42.2%	43.7%		
Neither agree nor disagree	5.9%	3.9%	5.9%	3.9%
Somewhat disagree	9.6%	10.2%	14.4%	13.6%
Strongly disagree	4.8%	3.4%		
Don't know/ Not sure	15.0%	17.0%	15.0%	17.0%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Breakdowns by Age

Percentages in cross-tabulations below use unweighted data, as the breakdown variable is used in the weighting procedure.

2. Many prescription drugs warn users not to operate heavy machinery while taking the medication. In your opinion, operating which of the following would fall into that category? (Mark all that apply)

Table 35.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Tractor	96.4%	100.0%	97.4%	93.9%	98.4%	97.5%	97.4%
Crane	100.0%	100.0%	98.7%	98.5%	100.0%	100.0%	97.4%
Semi-Truck	100.0%	98.7%	96.1%	93.9%	95.2%	100.0%	97.4%
Pickup Truck	82.1%	81.0%	72.4%	81.8%	75.8%	67.5%	82.1%
SUV	82.1%	79.7%	71.1%	78.8%	75.8%	70.0%	79.5%
Car	82.1%	78.5%	71.1%	77.3%	74.2%	67.5%	79.5%
Motorcycle	82.1%	75.9%	65.8%	72.7%	72.6%	70.0%	84.6%
*Bicycle	39.3%	24.1%	21.1%	22.7%	25.8%	22.5%	48.7%
None of these	-	-	-	1.5%	-	-	2.6%

*Statistically significant difference observed (Chi-Square $p < .05$)

3. In your opinion how does **driving under the influence of marijuana** compare to driving under the influence of alcohol? Would you say it is:

Table 36.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Less dangerous	35.7%	32.5%	18.2%	26.9%	14.5%	17.5%	12.8%
More dangerous	-	5.0%	6.5%	7.5%	1.6%	2.5%	10.3%
About the same	50.0%	48.8%	59.7%	56.7%	74.2%	60.0%	59.0%
Not dangerous at all	-	3.8%	3.9%	1.5%		5.0%	2.6%
Don't know/ Not sure	14.3%	10.0%	11.7%	7.5%	9.7%	15.0%	15.4%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

4. In your opinion how does **driving under the influence of prescription opioid medications or prescription painkillers** compare to driving under the influence of alcohol? Would you say it is:

Table 37.

*	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Less dangerous	21.4%	11.3%	3.9%	7.5%	11.3%	10.0%	5.1%
More dangerous	3.6%	20.0%	18.2%	19.4%	27.4%	22.5%	17.9%
About the same	60.7%	60.0%	70.1%	71.6%	51.6%	55.0%	56.4%
Not dangerous at all	3.6%	1.3%	-	-	-	-	-
Don't know/ Not sure	10.7%	7.5%	7.8%	1.5%	9.7%	12.5%	20.5%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

*Statistically significant difference observed (Chi-Square $p < .05$)

5. To the best of your knowledge are penalties for **driving under the influence of marijuana** higher, the same, or lower than penalties for driving under the influence of alcohol?

Table 38.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Higher	32.1%	17.5%	10.4%	10.4%	12.9%	20.0%	15.4%
The same	17.9%	25.0%	35.1%	34.3%	21.0%	35.0%	28.2%
Lower	17.9%	18.8%	22.1%	14.9%	14.5%	15.0%	12.8%
Don't know/ Not sure	32.1%	38.8%	32.5%	40.3%	51.6%	30.0%	43.6%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

6. To the best of your knowledge are penalties for **driving under the influence of prescription opioid medications or prescription painkillers** higher, the same, or lower than penalties for driving under the influence of alcohol?

Table 39.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Higher	3.6%	1.3%	3.9%	6.0%	6.5%	7.5%	2.6%
The same	39.3%	32.5%	36.4%	31.3%	35.5%	27.5%	15.4%
Lower	35.7%	31.3%	20.8%	23.9%	12.9%	32.5%	30.8%
Don't know/ Not sure	21.4%	35.0%	39.0%	38.8%	45.2%	32.5%	51.3%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

7. Do you personally know anyone who has been **driving under the influence of alcohol** in the past 30 days?

Table 40.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Yes, I know for sure	7.1%	17.5%	13.0%	20.9%	24.2%	10.0%	7.7%
Yes, I believe I know someone who has done this	17.9%	25.0%	16.9%	16.4%	12.9%	15.0%	10.3%
No	64.3%	50.0%	61.0%	58.2%	51.6%	67.5%	79.5%
Don't know/ Not sure	10.7%	7.5%	9.1%	4.5%	11.3%	7.5%	2.6%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Yes)	25.0%	42.5%	29.9%	37.3%	37.1%	25.0%	17.9%
No	64.3%	50.0%	61.0%	58.2%	51.6%	67.5%	79.5%
Don't know/ Not sure	10.7%	7.5%	9.1%	4.5%	11.3%	7.5%	2.6%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

8. Do you personally know anyone who has been **driving under the influence of marijuana** in the past 30 days?

Table 41.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Yes, I know for sure	21.4%	11.3%	9.1%	14.9%	6.5%	10.0%	-
Yes, I believe I know someone who has done this	7.1%	15.0%	6.5%	10.4%	12.9%	2.5%	7.7%
Lower	64.3%	65.0%	71.4%	68.7%	72.6%	75.0%	82.1%
Don't know/ Not sure	7.1%	8.8%	13.0%	6.0%	8.1%	12.5%	10.3%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Yes)	28.6%	26.3%	15.6%	25.4%	19.4%	12.5%	7.7%
No	64.3%	65.0%	71.4%	68.7%	72.6%	75.0%	82.1%
Don't know/ Not sure	7.1%	8.8%	13.0%	6.0%	8.1%	12.5%	10.3%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

9. Do you personally know anyone who has been **driving under the influence of prescription opioids or painkillers** in the past 30 days?

Table 42.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Yes, I know for sure	7.1%	13.8%	5.2%	11.9%	9.7%	10.0%	7.7%
Yes, I believe I know someone who has done this	7.1%	15.0%	13.0%	17.9%	8.1%	7.5%	17.9%
Lower	75.0%	61.3%	64.9%	58.2%	64.5%	67.5%	53.8%
Don't know/ Not sure	10.7%	10.0%	16.9%	11.9%	17.7%	15.0%	20.5%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Yes)	14.3%	28.8%	18.2%	29.9%	17.7%	17.5%	25.6%
No	75.0%	61.3%	64.9%	58.2%	64.5%	67.5%	53.8%
Don't know/ Not sure	10.7%	10.0%	16.9%	11.9%	17.7%	15.0%	20.5%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

10. The use of **marijuana** before driving harms one's ability to drive.

Table 43.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Strongly agree	35.7%	45.0%	59.7%	49.3%	54.8%	62.5%	43.6%
Somewhat agree	39.3%	33.8%	23.4%	26.9%	29.0%	20.0%	33.3%
Neither agree nor disagree	3.6%	5.0%	7.8%	6.0%	4.8%	7.5%	2.6%
Somewhat disagree	10.7%	8.8%	6.5%	9.0%	3.2%	5.0%	5.1%
Strongly disagree	3.6%	2.5%	1.3%	3.0%			
Don't know/ Not sure	7.1%	5.0%	1.3%	6.0%	8.1%	5.0%	15.4%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Agree)	75.0%	78.8%	83.1%	76.1%	83.9%	82.5%	76.9%
Neither agree nor disagree	3.6%	5.0%	7.8%	6.0%	4.8%	7.5%	2.6%
(Disagree)	14.3%	11.3%	7.8%	11.9%	3.2%	5.0%	5.1%
Don't know/ Not sure	7.1%	5.0%	1.3%	6.0%	8.1%	5.0%	15.4%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

11. The use of **alcohol** before driving harms one's ability to drive.

Table 44.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Strongly agree	85.7%	78.8%	80.5%	74.6%	69.4%	92.5%	71.8%
Somewhat agree	10.7%	17.5%	18.2%	20.9%	25.8%	7.5%	23.1%
Neither agree nor disagree	-	2.5%	-	1.5%	1.6%	-	5.1%
Somewhat disagree	-	-	-	-	3.2%	-	-
Strongly disagree	3.6%	1.3%	1.3%	1.5%	-	-	-
Don't know/ Not sure	-	-	-	1.5%	-	-	-
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Agree)	96.4%	96.3%	98.7%	95.5%	95.2%	100.0%	94.9%
Neither agree nor disagree	-	2.5%	-	1.5%	1.6%	-	5.1%
(Disagree)	3.6%	1.3%	1.3%	1.5%	3.2%	-	-
Don't know/ Not sure	-	-	-	1.5%	-	-	-
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

12. The use of **prescription opioids** before driving harms one's ability to drive.

Table 45.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Strongly agree	50.0%	60.0%	66.2%	61.2%	54.8%	57.5%	41.0%
Somewhat agree	28.6%	27.5%	23.4%	31.3%	37.1%	30.0%	33.3%
Neither agree nor disagree	10.7%	5.0%	3.9%	3.0%	-	-	15.4%
Somewhat disagree	3.6%	1.3%	1.3%	1.5%	3.2%	10.0%	2.6%
Strongly disagree	3.6%	3.8%	1.3%	-	-	-	-
Don't know/ Not sure	3.6%	2.5%	3.9%	3.0%	4.8%	2.5%	7.7%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Agree)	78.6%	87.5%	89.6%	92.5%	91.9%	87.5%	74.4%
Neither agree nor disagree	10.7%	5.0%	3.9%	3.0%	-	-	15.4%
(Disagree)	7.1%	5.0%	2.6%	1.5%	3.2%	10.0%	2.6%
Don't know/ Not sure	3.6%	2.5%	3.9%	3.0%	4.8%	2.5%	7.7%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

13. Driving after smoking or ingesting a **small amount of marijuana** is as dangerous as driving drunk.

Table 46.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Strongly agree	17.9%	16.3%	32.5%	25.4%	29.0%	30.0%	17.9%
Somewhat agree	14.3%	16.3%	22.1%	19.4%	22.6%	17.5%	30.8%
Neither agree nor disagree	7.1%	11.3%	1.3%	10.4%	6.5%	2.5%	5.1%
Somewhat disagree	46.4%	26.3%	18.2%	19.4%	14.5%	17.5%	17.9%
Strongly disagree	7.1%	16.3%	13.0%	14.9%	14.5%	17.5%	7.7%
Don't know/ Not sure	7.1%	13.8%	13.0%	10.4%	12.9%	15.0%	20.5%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Agree)	32.1%	32.5%	54.5%	44.8%	51.6%	47.5%	48.7%
Neither agree nor disagree	7.1%	11.3%	1.3%	10.4%	6.5%	2.5%	5.1%
(Disagree)	53.6%	42.5%	31.2%	34.3%	29.0%	35.0%	25.6%
Don't know/ Not sure	7.1%	13.8%	13.0%	10.4%	12.9%	15.0%	20.5%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

14. Driving while under the influence of **marijuana** is less dangerous than driving drunk.

Table 47.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Strongly agree	10.7%	11.3%	14.3%	11.9%	3.2%	2.5%	5.1%
Somewhat agree	39.3%	25.0%	15.6%	19.4%	12.9%	27.5%	15.4%
Neither agree nor disagree	7.1%	8.8%	10.4%	10.4%	3.2%	7.5%	15.4%
Somewhat disagree	21.4%	17.5%	13.0%	13.4%	19.4%	10.0%	15.4%
Strongly disagree	17.9%	31.3%	39.0%	34.3%	46.8%	45.0%	30.8%
Don't know/ Not sure	3.6%	6.3%	7.8%	10.4%	14.5%	7.5%	17.9%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Agree)	50.0%	36.3%	29.9%	31.3%	16.1%	30.0%	20.5%
Neither agree nor disagree	7.1%	8.8%	10.4%	10.4%	3.2%	7.5%	15.4%
(Disagree)	39.3%	48.8%	51.9%	47.8%	66.1%	55.0%	46.2%
Don't know/ Not sure	3.6%	6.3%	7.8%	10.4%	14.5%	7.5%	17.9%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

15. Driving while under the influence of **prescription opioids** is less dangerous than driving drunk.

Table 48.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Strongly agree	3.6%	3.8%	3.9%	1.5%		2.5%	2.6%
Somewhat agree	17.9%	16.3%	5.2%	11.9%	12.9%	20.0%	7.7%
Neither agree nor disagree	10.7%	17.5%	9.1%	9.0%	6.5%	10.0%	20.5%
Somewhat disagree	39.3%	21.3%	23.4%	14.9%	21.0%	10.0%	17.9%
Strongly disagree	21.4%	36.3%	48.1%	55.2%	46.8%	47.5%	28.2%
Don't know/ Not sure	7.1%	5.0%	10.4%	7.5%	12.9%	10.0%	23.1%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Statewide							
	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Agree)	21.4%	20.0%	9.1%	13.4%	12.9%	22.5%	10.3%
Neither agree nor disagree	10.7%	17.5%	9.1%	9.0%	6.5%	10.0%	20.5%
(Disagree)	60.7%	57.5%	71.4%	70.1%	67.7%	57.5%	46.2%
Don't know/ Not sure	7.1%	5.0%	10.4%	7.5%	12.9%	10.0%	23.1%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

16. The penalties for drunk driving are worse than the penalties for driving under the influence of **marijuana**.

Table 49.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Strongly agree	17.9%	13.8%	10.4%	6.0%	9.7%	15.0%	10.3%
Somewhat agree	17.9%	10.0%	13.0%	13.4%	14.5%	15.0%	17.9%
Neither agree nor disagree	21.4%	12.5%	18.2%	17.9%	16.1%	10.0%	5.1%
Somewhat disagree	14.3%	15.0%	5.2%	6.0%	6.5%	2.5%	7.7%
Strongly disagree	7.1%	12.5%	9.1%	7.5%	6.5%	10.0%	-
Don't know/ Not sure	21.4%	36.3%	44.2%	49.3%	46.8%	47.5%	59.0%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Agree)	35.7%	23.8%	23.4%	19.4%	24.2%	30.0%	28.2%
Neither agree nor disagree	21.4%	12.5%	18.2%	17.9%	16.1%	10.0%	5.1%
(Disagree)	21.4%	27.5%	14.3%	13.4%	12.9%	12.5%	7.7%
Don't know/ Not sure	21.4%	36.3%	44.2%	49.3%	46.8%	47.5%	59.0%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

17. The penalties for drunk driving are worse than the penalties for driving under the influence of **prescription opioids**.

Table 50.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Strongly agree	17.9%	15.0%	14.3%	9.0%	14.5%	10.0%	12.8%
Somewhat agree	32.1%	15.0%	18.2%	19.4%	25.8%	15.0%	20.5%
Neither agree nor disagree	10.7%	16.3%	11.7%	11.9%	12.9%	15.0%	12.8%
Somewhat disagree	7.1%	11.3%	3.9%	6.0%	6.5%	5.0%	-
Strongly disagree	3.6%	5.0%	5.2%	7.5%	1.6%	5.0%	-
Don't know/ Not sure	28.6%	37.5%	46.8%	46.3%	38.7%	50.0%	53.8%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Agree)	50.0%	30.0%	32.5%	28.4%	40.3%	25.0%	33.3%
Neither agree nor disagree	10.7%	16.3%	11.7%	11.9%	12.9%	15.0%	12.8%
(Disagree)	10.7%	16.3%	9.1%	13.4%	8.1%	10.0%	-
Don't know/ Not sure	28.6%	37.5%	46.8%	46.3%	38.7%	50.0%	53.8%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

18. It is more difficult for law enforcement to detect “**drugged driving**” than it is to detect drunk driving.

Table 51.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Strongly agree	21.4%	22.5%	19.5%	23.9%	29.0%	20.0%	15.4%
Somewhat agree	35.7%	41.3%	42.9%	44.8%	38.7%	55.0%	43.6%
Neither agree nor disagree	7.1%	7.5%	2.6%	6.0%	3.2%	5.0%	2.6%
Somewhat disagree	14.3%	10.0%	10.4%	14.9%	6.5%	5.0%	7.7%
Strongly disagree	7.1%	5.0%	6.5%	1.5%	1.6%	5.0%	2.6%
Don't know/ Not sure	14.3%	13.8%	18.2%	9.0%	21.0%	10.0%	28.2%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
(Agree)	57.1%	63.8%	62.3%	68.7%	67.7%	75.0%	59.0%
Neither agree nor disagree	7.1%	7.5%	2.6%	6.0%	3.2%	5.0%	2.6%
(Disagree)	21.4%	15.0%	16.9%	16.4%	8.1%	10.0%	10.3%
Don't know/ Not sure	14.3%	13.8%	18.2%	9.0%	21.0%	10.0%	28.2%
Total Valid	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Appendices

1. Most people are aware that driving under the influence of alcohol can affect how well they drive. Can you name any other substances besides alcohol that could affect how well people drive? Please enter your answers (if any) below, and press "Next" to continue.

	Frequency	Percent
Total	1313	100.0
marijuana	196	14.9
meth	73	5.6
cocaine	61	4.6
prescription drugs	57	4.3
drugs	55	4.2
heroin	51	3.9
opioids	45	3.4
illegal drugs	34	2.6
narcotics	33	2.5
methamphetamine	23	1.8
opiates	23	1.8
pot	18	1.4
lsd	17	1.3
weed	14	1.1
lack of sleep	13	1.0
benzodiazepines	12	0.9
prescription meds	11	0.8
hallucinogens	10	0.8
sleep deprivation	10	0.8
caffeine	9	0.7
medications	9	0.7
texting	9	0.7
cell phones	8	0.6
prescription medication	8	0.6
sleeping pills	8	0.6
amphetamines	7	0.5
muscle relaxers	7	0.5
sleep aids	7	0.5
antihistamines	6	0.5
huffing	6	0.5
other drugs	6	0.5
pain killers	6	0.5
pain meds	6	0.5
pain pills	6	0.5
prescriptions	6	0.5
recreational drugs	6	0.5
cold medicine	5	0.4
crack	5	0.4
illicit drugs	5	0.4
muscle relaxants	5	0.4
oxycontin	5	0.4
spice	5	0.4
allergy meds	4	0.3
cough medicine	4	0.3
food	4	0.3
inhalants	4	0.3
legal drugs	4	0.3
medication	4	0.3
phones	4	0.3
prescription medications	4	0.3

KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE EFFECTS OF DRUGGED DRIVING, SURVEY OF WYOMING ADULTS, 2018:

	Frequency	Percent
rx drugs	4	0.3
some prescription drugs	4	0.3
tiredness	4	0.3
acid	3	0.2
allergy medication	3	0.2
barbiturates	3	0.2
distractions	3	0.2
excessive caffeine	3	0.2
inattention	3	0.2
many prescription drugs	3	0.2
methamphetamines	3	0.2
nyquil	3	0.2
otc drugs	3	0.2
otc medication	3	0.2
other illegal drugs	3	0.2
other recreational drugs	3	0.2
over the counter drugs	3	0.2
pills	3	0.2
some medications	3	0.2
thc	3	0.2
xanax	3	0.2
aerosols	2	0.2
age	2	0.2
air duster	2	0.2
all illegal drugs	2	0.2
any illegal drug	2	0.2
any illicit drug	2	0.2
bad drivers	2	0.2
benadryl	2	0.2
benzos	2	0.2
cannabis	2	0.2
cigarettes	2	0.2
cold meds	2	0.2
compressed air	2	0.2
crack cocaine	2	0.2
distracted	2	0.2
ecstasy	2	0.2
energy drinks	2	0.2
fatigue	2	0.2
hydrocodone	2	0.2
medicine	2	0.2
morphine	2	0.2
mushrooms	2	0.2
other illicit drugs	2	0.2
other street drugs	2	0.2
pain medication	2	0.2
passengers	2	0.2
pcp	2	0.2
pharmaceuticals	2	0.2
phone	2	0.2
prescription narcotics	2	0.2
prescription pain medication	2	0.2
prescription pain meds	2	0.2
sedatives	2	0.2
sleep meds	2	0.2
sleepiness	2	0.2
some meds	2	0.2
speed	2	0.2
abused pharmaceutical narcotics	1	0.1
addiction to cell phones	1	0.1
adolescent hormones	1	0.1
adrenaline	1	0.1
advanced age	1	0.1
aggressive phone calls	1	0.1
all illegal substances	1	0.1
all illicit drugs	1	0.1
allergy medications	1	0.1
allergy medicine	1	0.1
anesthesia	1	0.1

KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE EFFECTS OF DRUGGED DRIVING, SURVEY OF WYOMING ADULTS, 2018

	Frequency	Percent
anger	1	0.1
angry	1	0.1
anhidrous ammonia	1	0.1
animals	1	0.1
anti-anxiety medications	1	0.1
anti-depressants	1	0.1
antidepressants	1	0.1
antidepressants depending on dose	1	0.1
antihypertensive	1	0.1
any drug really	1	0.1
any mind altering drug or sleep inducing	1	0.1
any narcotics	1	0.1
any opiate...oxycontin	1	0.1
any psychedelic	1	0.1
any recreational drugs	1	0.1
assholes on the highway	1	0.1
attitude	1	0.1
bath salt	1	0.1
bath salts	1	0.1
being sleepy	1	0.1
being tired	1	0.1
boredom	1	0.1
cannabinoids	1	0.1
cell phone texts	1	0.1
certain medical conditions	1	0.1
certain medications	1	0.1
certain prescription medications	1	0.1
chasing flies	1	0.1
children	1	0.1
clear road lines	1	0.1
coke	1	0.1
coke barbiturates	1	0.1
cold /allergy meds	1	0.1
cold medication	1	0.1
cold medications	1	0.1
common cold medicines	1	0.1
compromised emotions	1	0.1
controlled drugs	1	0.1
controlled substance	1	0.1
controlled substances	1	0.1
cough medicine/sleep aids	1	0.1
cough syrups	1	0.1
cough/cold syrup	1	0.1
crank	1	0.1
current attitude	1	0.1
diabetes	1	0.1
distracted driving	1	0.1
distraction	1	0.1
distractions ie/ cell phones & other items	1	0.1
distractions such as people in car or cell phone	1	0.1
dope	1	0.1
downers	1	0.1
drowsy drivers	1	0.1
drugs even prescribed	1	0.1
drugs in general	1	0.1
drugs like marijuana	1	0.1
drugs that suppress sleep	1	0.1
drugs to keep driver awake	1	0.1
drugs-illegal	1	0.1
drugs-some prescriptions	1	0.1
drugs, prescription or otherwise	1	0.1
dust off products	1	0.1
duster	1	0.1
easy cheese	1	0.1
eating in the car	1	0.1
emotional disturbance	1	0.1
emotional issues	1	0.1
equipment failure	1	0.1
excessive nicotine	1	0.1

KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE EFFECTS OF DRUGGED DRIVING, SURVEY OF WYOMING ADULTS, 2018:

	Frequency	Percent
extreme emotions	1	0.1
fentanyl	1	0.1
flacca	1	0.1
fly agarica	1	0.1
food if distracting	1	0.1
fooling with electronic apparatus	1	0.1
hallucination	1	0.1
hallucinogenic drugs	1	0.1
hard drugs	1	0.1
health	1	0.1
heightened emotional state	1	0.1
high dose pain killers	1	0.1
hydrocortisone	1	0.1
hypnotics	1	0.1
illegal narcotics	1	0.1
illegal substances	1	0.1
illicit substances	1	0.1
illness	1	0.1
imagine	1	0.1
inclement weather	1	0.1
insulin	1	0.1
lcd	1	0.1
loose pets in car	1	0.1
loratab	1	0.1
lots of others	1	0.1
lots of prescription drugs	1	0.1
loud music	1	0.1
make up	1	0.1
many prescription medicines	1	0.1
marijuana and all other illegal drugs	1	0.1
marijuana and other illegal drug use	1	0.1
marijuana use	1	0.1
marijuana/illicit drugs	1	0.1
medication - drowsiness affects	1	0.1
medication prescribed	1	0.1
medicines	1	0.1
mental conditions	1	0.1
mental health condition	1	0.1
mental status/attitude/stress	1	0.1
mood stabilizers	1	0.1
most illegal drugs	1	0.1
motion sickness meds	1	0.1
muscle relaxer	1	0.1
n02	1	0.1
no doze	1	0.1
noisy passenger	1	0.1
non prescribed drugs	1	0.1
non prescription medications	1	0.1
norco	1	0.1
opiate pain killers	1	0.1
opioid drugs	1	0.1
otc allergy medications	1	0.1
otc cold medicines	1	0.1
otc cold/allergy	1	0.1
otc drowsy meds	1	0.1
otc drugs which cause drowsiness	1	0.1
otc medicines	1	0.1
otc meds	1	0.1
other distractions	1	0.1
other drugs.	1	0.1
other medications that are known to cause drowsiness	1	0.1
other narcotic drugs	1	0.1
other prescription medication	1	0.1
other prescriptions	1	0.1
other psychotropic	1	0.1
other sedatives	1	0.1
overeating/ causes lethargic	1	0.1
over the counter medications	1	0.1
over the counter meds	1	0.1

KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE EFFECTS OF DRUGGED DRIVING, SURVEY OF WYOMING ADULTS, 2018

	Frequency	Percent
over the counter sleep aids	1	0.1
oxytocin	1	0.1
pain medications	1	0.1
painkillers	1	0.1
painkillers, other drugs	1	0.1
peers	1	0.1
people/friends	1	0.1
peyote	1	0.1
pharmaceutical pain pills	1	0.1
pills bought on the street	1	0.1
poor education	1	0.1
pregnancy/maybe????	1	0.1
prescribed medication	1	0.1
prescribed pills	1	0.1
prescription medicine	1	0.1
prescription opioids	1	0.1
prescription pain medications	1	0.1
prescription pain medicine	1	0.1
prescription pain pills/opiates	1	0.1
prescription painkillers	1	0.1
prescription pills	1	0.1
prescription sedatives	1	0.1
prescriptions meds	1	0.1
prosaic	1	0.1
psilocybin	1	0.1
psychological drugs	1	0.1
psychotropic drugs	1	0.1
psylicibic mushrooms	1	0.1
quaaludes	1	0.1
rage	1	0.1
rap music	1	0.1
reaching for items	1	0.1
rest	1	0.1
rx medication	1	0.1
rx meds	1	0.1
rx pain killers	1	0.1
rx/otc drugs	1	0.1
seizure meds	1	0.1
shrooms	1	0.1
sleep	1	0.1
sleep drugs	1	0.1
sleep medications	1	0.1
sleepers	1	0.1
sleeping aids	1	0.1
sleeping medication	1	0.1
sleeping meds	1	0.1
smart phone texting!!!	1	0.1
smoking	1	0.1
some herbal products	1	0.1
some illegal drugs	1	0.1
some mental impairments	1	0.1
some otc allergy medications	1	0.1
some otc medications	1	0.1
some over-the-counter meds	1	0.1
some physical impairments	1	0.1
some prescribed drugs	1	0.1
some prescribed meds	1	0.1
some prescription drugs, especially new prescriptions	1	0.1
speeding	1	0.1
speeding trucks	1	0.1
steroids	1	0.1
stimulates	1	0.1
street drugs	1	0.1
street drugs-heroin, meth	1	0.1
stress	1	0.1
sudafed	1	0.1
taking or texting on your phone	1	0.1
talking on phone	1	0.1
talking on the phone	1	0.1

KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE EFFECTS OF DRUGGED DRIVING, SURVEY OF WYOMING ADULTS, 2018:

	Frequency	Percent
talking/texting on phone	1	0.1
texting on the phone	1	0.1
texting/cell phone use	1	0.1
tired	1	0.1
tired or sleepy	1	0.1
to much caffeine	1	0.1
tobacco	1	0.1
too many hrs on the road	1	0.1
tramadol	1	0.1
tryptophan	1	0.1
uncontrolled diabetes	1	0.1
valium and related	1	0.1
various prescription medicines	1	0.1
various prescriptions	1	0.1
vicodin	1	0.1
vision	1	0.1
weather	1	0.1